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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN
SOUTHERN DIVISION

FILED

DEC - 7 2011

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

No. 11-20531

CLERK'S OFFICE
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN MICHIGAN

Plaintiff,

Hon. VICTORIA A. ROBERTS

-vs-

OFFENSE: Conspiracy to Make a False
Statement, to Make a False Claim, and to
Bribe a Public Official, 18 USC § 371

D-2 MARCUS BROWN,

STATUTORY MAXIMUM PENALTIES:
5 years and fine of \$250,000

Defendant.

RULE 11 PLEA AGREEMENT

Pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, defendant Marcus Brown and the government agree as follows:

1. GUILTY PLEA

A. Count of Conviction

Defendant will enter a plea of guilty to **Count One of the Second Superseding Information**, which charges Conspiracy to make a false claim, to make a false statement under the federal Clean Air Act, and to bribe a public official, for which the maximum penalty is a term of imprisonment not to exceed five years and a fine not to exceed \$250,000.

B. Elements of Offense

The elements of Count One of the Information are:

Conspiracy:

1. Two or more persons agreed or came to an understanding to commit one or more substantive criminal offenses;
2. At the time the defendant voluntarily joined in the agreement or understanding, he knew the purpose of the agreement or understanding; and
3. While the agreement or understanding was in effect, a person or persons who had joined in the agreement knowingly did one or more overt acts in furtherance of the conspiracy.

Making a False, Fictitious or Fraudulent Claim (18 U.S.C. § 287)

1. A claim was made;
2. Against or to a department or agency of the United States;
- 3 The claim was for money or property;
- 4 The claim was false, fictitious or fraudulent and material; and
5. The defendant knew at the time that the claim was false, fictitious, or fraudulent.

Making a False Statement under the federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. § 7413(c)(2)(A))

1. Defendant or one of the co-conspirators knowingly made or caused to be made a false statement, representation, or certification;
2. The statement, representation, or certification was made or caused to be made in a document required to be filed or maintained under the Clean Air Act; and
3. The statement, representation, or certification was material.

Bribery (18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(2))

1. One of the co-conspirators, gave, offered, or agreed to give anything of value to any person for the purpose of influencing or rewarding an agent of a local government in connection with his official duties.
2. The giving, offering or agreement to give the thing of value must have been in connection with any business, transaction, or series of transactions of the local

government involving anything of value of \$5,000 or more.

3. The local government, in a one year period, received benefits of more than \$10,000 under any federal program involving a grant, contract subsidy, loan, guarantee, insurance or other assistance.

C. Factual Basis for Guilty Plea

The following facts are a sufficient and accurate basis for defendant's guilty plea:

In November 2008 the Charter Township of Royal Oak [Township] sought to obtain federal funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The Township applied for the funds for several uses, including the demolition of a township owned theater. The Township was authorized to use the federal funds for several demolition projects and did receive more than \$10,000 in federal funds for those projects, including a payment of more than \$29,000 in December 2009.

PBM Services, LLC [PBM] was a company owned by Marcus Brown and others. In approximately May 2009 Brown and his partners decided that PBM would attempt to get the contract for the demolition and asbestos abatement for the theater project. The cost of demolition and asbestos abatement exceeded \$5,000. Brown and his partner agreed to comply with a request to give a substantial amount of money to William Morgan, the elected supervisor of the Township, for his assistance in obtaining the contract.

In July 2009 the Township accepted bids for the project. The companies that submitted bids for the demolition of the theater included PBM, Berkshire Development [Berkshire], and another company. Berkshire submitted the lowest bid. In August Brown's partner sent \$10,000 to Morgan by wire transfer. Nevertheless, over the

objections of Morgan, the Township Board of Trustees voted to award the contract to Berkshire. After losing the contract to Berkshire, Brown and his partner entered into an agreement with the owner of Berkshire that PBM would do the asbestos abatement work at the theater, as a sub-contractor.

Federal asbestos laws required a written notice to be submitted to the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality [MDEQ] (the delegate of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), which had to include the name and address of the asbestos removal contractor. Because PBM was not a licensed abatement contractor, in order to conceal PBM's role in the project, Brown and his partner entered into an agreement with a third party, who did have a valid license, to fraudulently use the third party's name and address when submitting the required notice to the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality. A fraudulent notice was therefore submitted to MDEQ. Thus, Marcus Brown agreed to knowingly make a statement required by the Clean Air Act, which statement was material and false.

To falsely inflate the cost of the asbestos abatement, Brown, his partner, and others agreed that PBM would submit a fraudulent change order. In this change order, PBM falsely represented that certain work had been done when, in fact, it had not. The fraudulent change order, in the amount of \$169,892, was submitted. Marcus Brown knowingly and willfully agreed to defraud the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development by a material false representation meant to obtain money to which he was not entitled.

2. **SENTENCING GUIDELINES**

A. **Standard of Proof**

The Court will find sentencing factors by a preponderance of the evidence.

B. **Agreed Guideline Range**

There are no sentencing guideline disputes. Except as provided below, defendant's guideline range is **18-24** months, as set forth on the attached worksheets. If the Court finds:

a) that defendant's criminal history category is higher than reflected on the attached worksheets, or

b) that the offense level should be higher because, after pleading guilty, defendant made any false statement to or withheld information from his probation officer; otherwise demonstrated a lack of acceptance of responsibility for his offenses; or obstructed justice or committed any crime,

and if any such finding results in a guideline range higher than **18 - 24** months, the higher guideline range becomes the agreed range. However, if the Court finds that defendant is a career offender, an armed career criminal, or a repeat and dangerous sex offender as defined under the sentencing guidelines or other federal law, and that finding is not already reflected in the attached worksheets, this paragraph does *not* authorize a corresponding increase in the agreed range.

Neither party may take a position concerning the applicable guidelines that is different than any position of that party as reflected in the attached worksheets, except as necessary to the Court's determination regarding subsections a) and b), above.

3. **SENTENCE**

The Court will impose a sentence pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §3553, and in doing so must consider the sentencing guideline range.

A. **Imprisonment**

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C) the sentence of imprisonment in this case may not exceed the top of the sentencing guideline range as determined by Paragraph 2B.

B. **Supervised Release**

A term of supervised release follows a term of imprisonment. The Court **must** impose a term of supervised release on Count One of 2 to 3 years. The agreement concerning imprisonment described above in Paragraph 3A does not apply to any term of imprisonment that results from any later revocation of supervised release.

C. **Special Assessment**

Defendant will pay a special assessment of **\$100** and must provide the government with a receipt for the payment before sentence is imposed.

D. **Fine**

The Court may impose a fine of up to \$250,000.

E. **Restitution**

Restitution is not applicable in this case.

4.. **COOPERATION AGREEMENT**

The written cooperation agreement between defendant and the government, which is dated ~~September 20~~, 2011, is part of this plea agreement.

August 23, 2011

JF

5. OTHER CHARGES

If the Court accepts this agreement, the government will not bring additional charges against defendant based on any of the conduct reflected in the attached worksheets.

6. VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

Defendant agrees to voluntarily exclude himself from involvement in procurement and non-procurement transactions as a participant, principal or contractor with HUD and throughout the Executive Branch of the Federal Government for a period of five years from the effective date of this Plea Agreement. Any breach of the terms and provisions of this Agreement by defendant shall constitute independent grounds for imposition of administrative sanctions by HUD against defendant pursuant to 24 C.F.R. Part 24.

7. EACH PARTY'S RIGHT TO WITHDRAW FROM THIS AGREEMENT

The government may withdraw from this agreement if the Court finds the correct guideline range to be different than is determined by Paragraph 2B.

Defendant may withdraw from this agreement, and may withdraw his guilty plea, if the Court decides to impose a sentence higher than the maximum allowed by Part 3. This is the only reason for which defendant may withdraw from this agreement. The Court shall advise defendant that if he does not withdraw his guilty plea under this circumstance, the Court may impose a sentence greater than the maximum allowed by Part 3.

8. WAIVER OF RIGHT TO APPEAL

If the sentence imposed does not exceed the maximum allowed by Part 3 of this

agreement, defendant waives any right he has to appeal his conviction or sentence. If the sentence imposed is within the guideline range determined by Paragraph 2B the government agrees not to appeal the sentence, but retains its right to appeal any sentence below that range.

9. CONSEQUENCES OF WITHDRAWAL OF GUILTY PLEA OR VACATION OF CONVICTION

If defendant is allowed to withdraw his guilty plea or if any conviction entered pursuant to this agreement is vacated, the Court shall, on the government's request, reinstate any charges that were dismissed as part of this agreement. If additional charges are filed against defendant within six months after the date the order vacating defendant's conviction or allowing him to withdraw his guilty plea becomes final, which charges relate directly or indirectly to the conduct underlying the guilty plea or to any conduct reflected in the attached worksheets, defendant waives his right to challenge the additional charges on the ground that they were not filed in a timely manner, including any claim that they were filed after the limitations period expired.

10. PARTIES TO PLEA AGREEMENT

Unless otherwise indicated, this agreement does not bind any government agency except the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of Michigan.

11. SCOPE OF PLEA AGREEMENT


This agreement, which includes all documents that it explicitly incorporates, is the complete agreement between the parties. This agreement supersedes all other promises, representations, understandings and agreements between the parties concerning the subject matter of this plea agreement that were made at any time before the guilty plea is

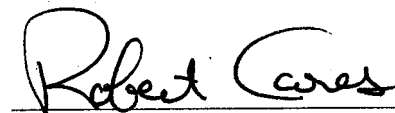
entered in court. Thus, no oral or written promises made by the government to defendant or to the attorney for the defendant at any time before defendant pleads guilty are binding except to the extent they have been explicitly incorporated into this agreement.

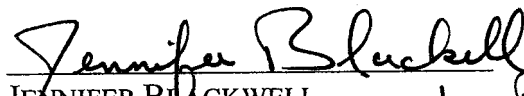
Notwithstanding the previous paragraph, if defendant has entered into a proffer agreement in writing or a cooperation agreement in writing with the government, this plea agreement does not supersede or abrogate the terms of any such prior written agreement.

12. ACCEPTANCE OF AGREEMENT BY DEFENDANT

This plea offer expires unless it has been received, fully signed, in the Office of the United States Attorney by **5:00 P.M. on August 15, 2011**. The government reserves the right to modify or revoke this offer at any time before defendant pleads guilty.

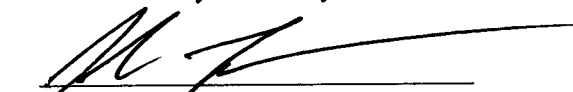

KATHRYN MCCARTHY
Assistant United States Attorney
Chief, Public Corruption Unit



ROBERT CARES
Assistant United States Attorney


JENNIFER BLACKWELL
Assistant United States Attorney *by RPC*

Date: *9/20/11*

By signing below, defendant acknowledges that he has read (or been read) this entire document, understands it, and agrees to its terms. He also acknowledges that he is satisfied with his attorney's advice and representation. Defendant agrees that he has had a full and complete opportunity to confer with his lawyer, and has had all of his questions answered by his lawyer.


JOHN FREEMAN
Attorney for Defendant


MARCUS BROWN
Defendant

Defendant: Marcus Brown Count: Count I
Docket No.: _____ Statute(s): 18 U.S.C. § 371

WORKSHEET A (Offense Levels)

Complete one Worksheet A for each count of conviction (taking into account relevant conduct and treating each stipulated offense as a separate count of conviction) before applying the multiple-count rules in U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pt. D. However, in any case involving multiple counts of conviction, if the counts of conviction are all "closely related" to each other within the meaning of U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2(d), complete only a single Worksheet A.

1. BASE OFFENSE LEVEL AND SPECIFIC OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS (U.S.S.G. ch. 2)

<u>Guideline Section</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Levels</u>
<u>§ 2X1.1</u>	<u>Conspiracy</u>	
<u>§ 2B1.1(a)(2) (18 U.S.C. § 287)</u>	<u>Fraud - base offense level</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>§ 2B1.1(b)(1)</u>	<u>Loss</u>	<u>10</u>
_____	_____	
_____	_____	

Because the offense is a conspiracy to commit multiple crimes, there is a worksheet for each object of the conspiracy. U.S.S.G. § 1B1.2

2. ADJUSTMENTS (U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pts. A, B, C)

<u>Guideline Section</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Levels</u>
_____	_____	
_____	_____	
_____	_____	
_____	_____	

3. ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL

Enter the sum of the offense levels entered in Items 1 and 2. If this Worksheet A does not cover every count of conviction (taking into account relevant conduct and treating each stipulated offense as a separate count of conviction), complete one or more additional Worksheets A and a single Worksheet B.

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If this is the only Worksheet A, check this box and skip Worksheet B.

☐

If the defendant has no criminal history, check this box and skip Worksheet C.

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Defendant: Marcus Brown Count: Count I
Docket No.: _____ Statute(s): 18 U.S.C. § 371

WORKSHEET A (Offense Levels)

Complete one Worksheet A for each count of conviction (taking into account relevant conduct and treating each stipulated offense as a separate count of conviction) before applying the multiple-count rules in U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pt. D. However, in any case involving multiple counts of conviction, if the counts of conviction are all "closely related" to each other within the meaning of U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2(d), complete only a single Worksheet A.

1. **BASE OFFENSE LEVEL AND SPECIFIC OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS (U.S.S.G. ch. 2)**

<u>Guideline Section</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Levels</u>
§ 2Q1.3 (42 U.S.C. § 7413(c)(2)(A))	Falsification	6
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

2. **ADJUSTMENTS (U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pts. A, B, C)**

<u>Guideline Section</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Levels</u>
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

3. **ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL**

Enter the sum of the offense levels entered in Items 1 and 2. If this Worksheet A does not cover every count of conviction (taking into account relevant conduct and treating each stipulated offense as a separate count of conviction), complete one or more additional Worksheets A and a single Worksheet B.

If this is the only Worksheet A, check this box and skip Worksheet B.

If the defendant has no criminal history, check this box and skip Worksheet C.

6

Defendant: Marcus Brown Count: Count I
Docket No.: _____ Statute(s): _____

WORKSHEET A (Offense Levels)

Complete one Worksheet A for each count of conviction (taking into account relevant conduct and treating each stipulated offense as a separate count of conviction) before applying the multiple-count rules in U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pt. D. However, in any case involving multiple counts of conviction, if the counts of conviction are all "closely related" to each other within the meaning of U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2(d), complete only a single Worksheet A.

1. BASE OFFENSE LEVEL AND SPECIFIC OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS (U.S.S.G. ch. 2)

<u>Guideline Section</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Levels</u>
§ 2C1.1 (18 U.S.C. § 666(a)(2))	Base offense level (bribery)	12
§ 2C1.1(b)(2)	Payment: \$10,000	2
§ 2C1.1(b)(3)	Elected public official	4

2. ADJUSTMENTS (U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pts. A, B, C)

<u>Guideline Section</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Levels</u>
§ 3B1.2	Minor Participant	-2

3. ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL

Enter the sum of the offense levels entered in Items 1 and 2. If this Worksheet A does not cover every count of conviction (taking into account relevant conduct and treating each stipulated offense as a separate count of conviction), complete one or more additional Worksheets A and a single Worksheet B.

If this is the only Worksheet A, check this box and skip Worksheet B.

☐

If the defendant has no criminal history, check this box and skip Worksheet C.

☐

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Ant: Marcus Brown Count: Count I
 Docket No.: _____ Statute(s): _____

WORKSHEET B (Multiple Counts)

Instructions (U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pt. D):

- Group the counts of conviction into distinct Groups of Closely Related Counts. "All counts involving substantially the same harm shall be grouped together into a single Group." (See U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2.)
- Determine the offense level applicable to each Group. (See U.S.S.G. § 3D1.3.)
- Determine the combined offense level by assigning "units" to each Group as follows (see U.S.S.G. § 3D1.4):
 - assign 1 unit to the Group with the highest offense level,
 - assign 1 unit to each additional Group that is equally serious as, or 1 to 4 levels less serious than, the Group with the highest offense level,
 - assign ½ unit to each Group that is 5 to 8 levels less serious than the Group with the highest offense level,
 - assign no units to each Group that is 9 or more levels less serious than the Group with the highest offense level.

1. **GROUP ONE:** COUNT(S) False Claim
ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL
2. **GROUP TWO:** COUNT(S) Falsification
ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL
3. **GROUP THREE:** COUNT(S) Bribery
ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL
4. **GROUP FOUR:** COUNT(S) _____
ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL
5. **TOTAL UNITS**

16	1 unit
6	0 unit
16	1 unit
	unit
	2 units

6. **INCREASE IN OFFENSE LEVEL**

1 unit → no increase	2 1/2 - 3 units → add 3 levels
1 1/2 units → add 1 level	3 1/2 - 5 units → add 4 levels
2 units → add 2 levels	> 5 levels → add 5 levels

+2

7. **ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL OF GROUP WITH THE HIGHEST OFFENSE LEVEL**

16

8. **COMBINED ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL**

Enter the sum of the offense levels entered in Items 6 and 7.

18

Marcus Brown Count: Count I
 Set No.: Statute(s):

WORKSHEET C (Criminal History)

Date of defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses):

1. PRIOR SENTENCES

Prior Sentence of Imprisonment Exceeding 13 Months (U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(a)):

3 POINTS

Enter 3 points for each prior adult sentence of imprisonment exceeding one year and one month that either (1) was imposed within 15 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offenses (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) or (2) resulted in the defendant's confinement during any part of that 15-year period. (See U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(a), 4A1.2(d)(1), (e)(1).)

Prior Sentence of Imprisonment of at Least 60 Days (U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(b)):

2 POINTS

Enter 2 points for each prior sentence of imprisonment of at least 60 days not counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) that either (1) resulted from an offense committed after the defendant turned 18 and was imposed within 10 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(b), 4A1.2(e)(2)) or (2) resulted from an offense committed before the defendant turned 18 and resulted in the defendant's confinement during any part of the 5-year period preceding the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(b), 4A1.2(d)(2)(A)).

Other Prior Sentences (U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(c)):

1 POINT

Enter 1 point for each prior sentence not counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) or (b) that either (1) resulted from an offense committed after the defendant turned 18 and was imposed within 10 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(c), 4A1.2(e)(2)) or (2) resulted from an offense committed before the defendant turned 18 and was imposed within 5 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(c), 4A1.2(d)(2)(B)). NOTE: No more than 4 points may be added under this item.

<u>Date of Imposition</u>	<u>Status*</u>	<u>Offense</u>	<u>Sentence</u>	<u>Release Date**</u>	<u>Points</u>

* If the defendant committed the offense before turning 18, indicate whether he or she was sentenced as a juvenile (J) or as an adult (A).

** A release date is required in only three situations: (1) when a sentence covered under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) was imposed more than 15 years before the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) but resulted in his or her confinement during any part of that 15-year period; (2) when a sentence counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(b) was imposed for an offense committed before the defendant turned 18 but resulted in his or her confinement during any part of the 5-year period preceding his or her commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses); and (3) when 2 criminal history points are added pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(c) because the defendant committed the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) shortly after or during imprisonment resulting from a sentence counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) or (b) or while he or she was on escape status for such a sentence.

Defendant: Marcus Brown Count: Count I
Docket No.: _____ Statute(s): _____

(WORKSHEET C, p. 2)

2. COMMISSION OF INSTANT OFFENSE WHILE UNDER PRIOR SENTENCE (U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(d))

Enter 2 points if the defendant committed any part of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) while under any criminal justice sentence having a custodial or supervisory component, including probation, parole, supervised release, imprisonment, work release, and escape status. (See U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(d), 4A1.2(m), (n).) List the type of control and identify the sentence from which it resulted.

3. PRIOR SENTENCE RESULTING FROM CRIME OF VIOLENCE (U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(e))

Enter 1 point for each prior sentence resulting from a conviction for a crime of violence that did not receive any points under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a), (b), or (c) because such sentence was considered related to another sentence resulting from a conviction for a crime of violence. But enter no points where the sentences are considered related because the offenses occurred on the same occasion. (See U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(e), 4A1.2(p).) Identify the crimes of violence and briefly explain why the cases are considered related. NOTE: No more than 3 points may be added under this item.

4. TOTAL CRIMINAL HISTORY POINTS

Enter the sum of the criminal history points entered in Items 1-4.

5. CRIMINAL HISTORY CATEGORY

Total Criminal History Points Criminal History Category

0-1

I

2-3

II

4-6

III

7-9

IV

10-12

V

≥13

VI

I

Ant: Marcus Brown Count: Count I
 Docket No.: _____ Statute(s): _____

WORKSHEET D (Guideline Range)

1. (COMBINED) ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL

Enter the adjusted offense level entered in Item 3 of Worksheet A or the combined adjusted offense level entered in Item 8 of Worksheet B.

18

2. ADJUSTMENT FOR ACCEPTANCE OF RESPONSIBILITY (U.S.S.G § 3E1.1)

3

3. TOTAL OFFENSE LEVEL

Enter the difference between Items 1 and 2.

15

4. CRIMINAL HISTORY CATEGORY

Enter "I" if the defendant has no criminal history. Otherwise, enter the criminal history category entered in Item 6 of Worksheet C.

I

5. CAREER OFFENDER/CRIMINAL LIVELIHOOD/ARMED CAREER CRIMINAL/DANGEROUS SEX OFFENDER (U.S.S.G. ch. 4, pt. B)

- a. Total Offense Level: If the career offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.1), the criminal livelihood provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.3), the armed career criminal provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.4), or the dangerous sex offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.5) results in a total offense level higher than the total offense level entered in Item 3, enter the higher offense level total.
- b. Criminal History Category: If the career offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.1), the armed career criminal provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.4), or the dangerous sex offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.5) results in a criminal history category higher than the criminal history category entered in Item 4, enter the higher criminal history category.

6. GUIDELINE RANGE FROM SENTENCING TABLE (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. A)

Enter the guideline range in the Sentencing Table (see U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. A) produced by the total offense level entered in Item 3 or 5.a and the criminal history category entered in Item 4 or 5.b.

18-24
months

7. STATUTORY RESTRICTIONS ON OR SUPERSESION OF GUIDELINE RANGE

If the maximum sentence authorized by statute is below, or a minimum sentence required by statute is above, the guideline range entered in Item 6, enter either the guideline range as restricted by statute or the sentence required by statute. (See U.S.S.G. § 5G1.1.) If the sentence on any count of conviction is required by statute to be consecutive to the sentence on any other count of conviction, explain why.

months